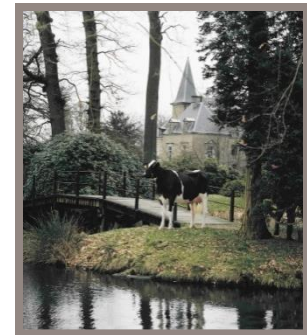


Udder conformation and udder health

Gerben de Jong

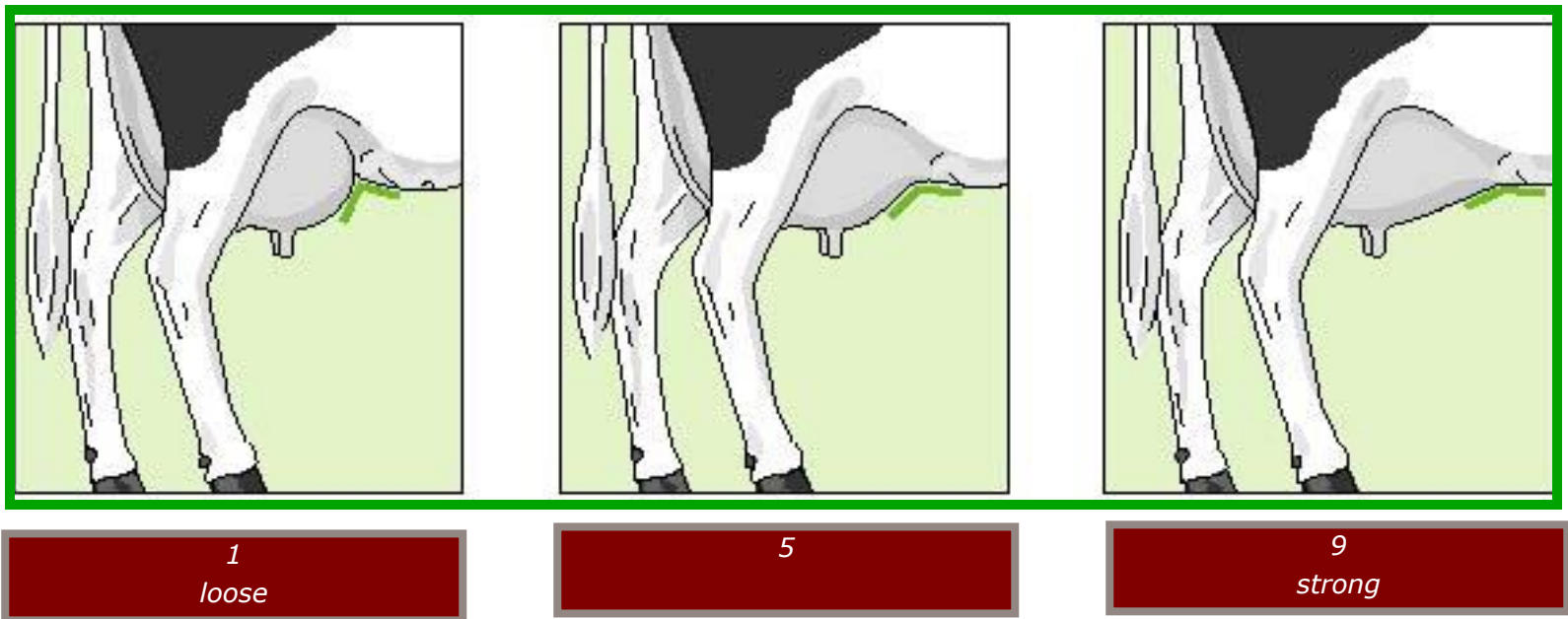
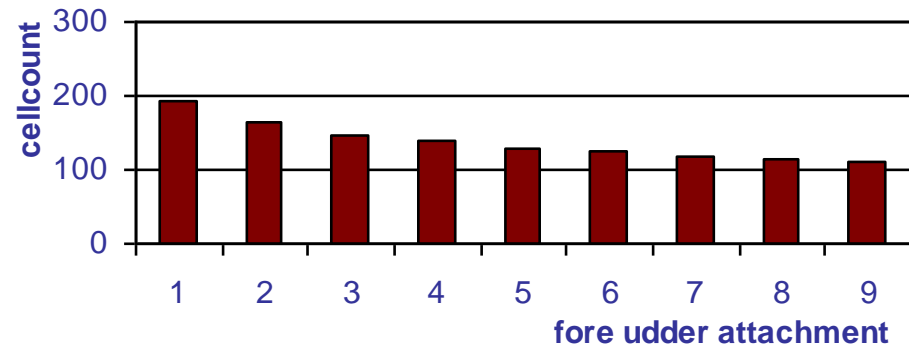


International classification report

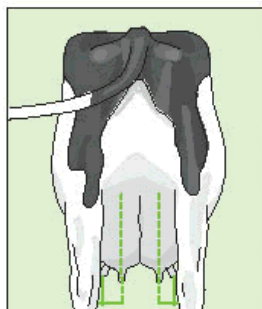
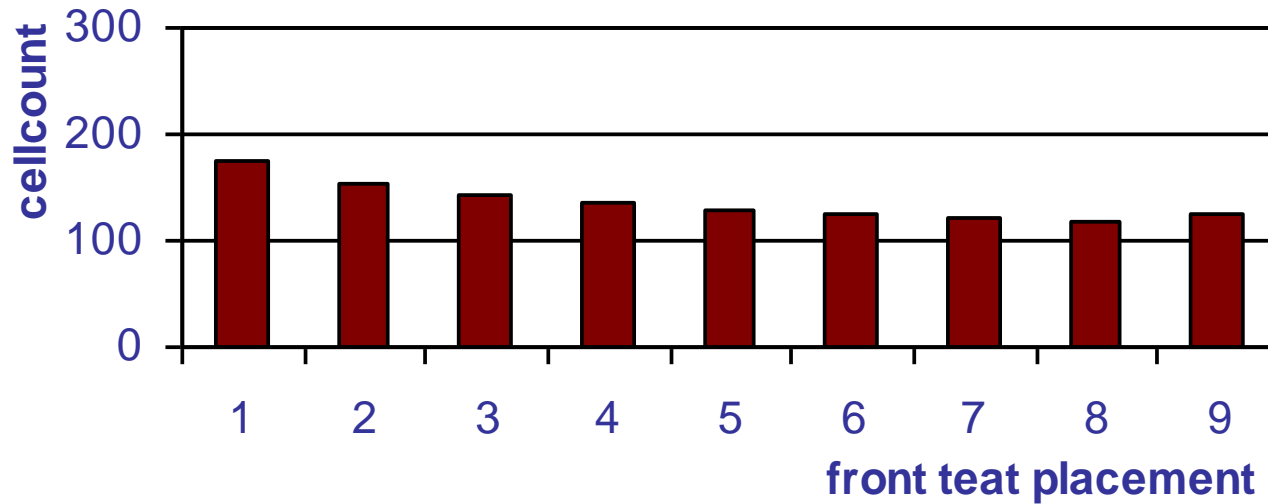
Recommendation, 18 linear descriptive traits

1. Stature
2. Chest Width
3. Body Depth
4. Angularity
5. Rump Angle
6. Rump Width
7. Rear Legs Rear View
8. Rear Legs Set
9. Foot Angle
10. Fore Udder Attachment
11. Front Teat Placement
12. Teat Length
13. Udder Depth
14. Rear Udder Height
15. Central Ligament
16. Rear Teat Position
17. Locomotion
18. Body Condition

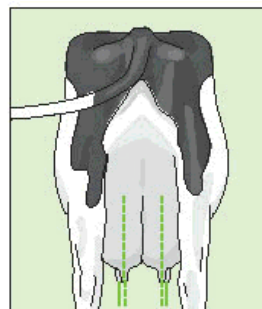
Fore Udder Attachment



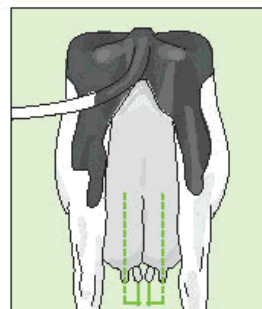
Front Teat Placement



1
outside

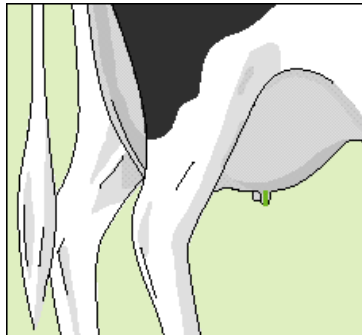
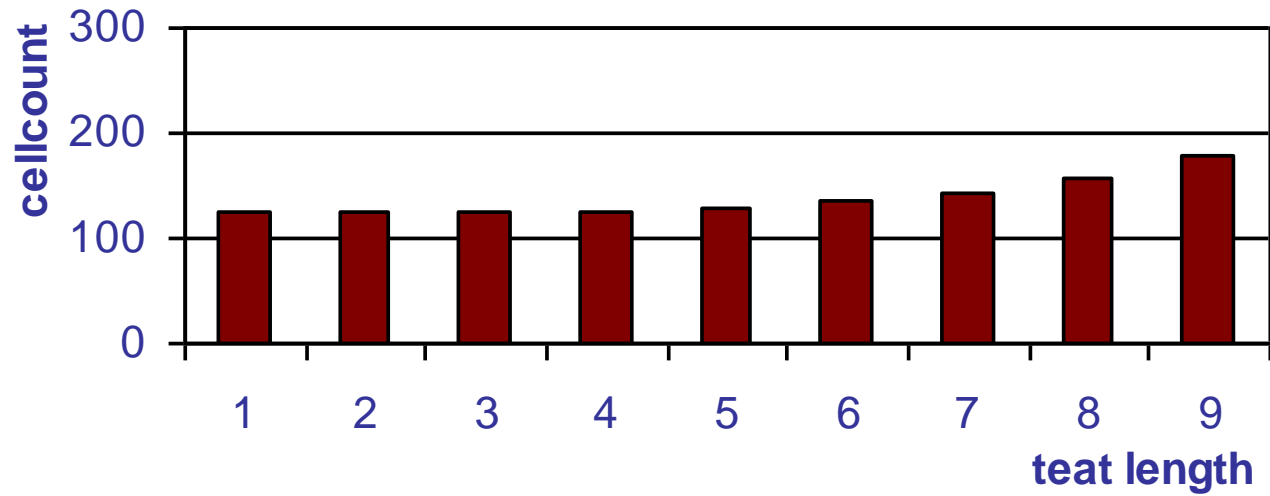


5

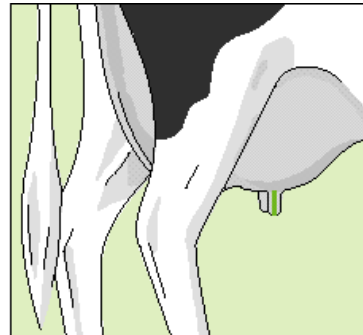


9
inside

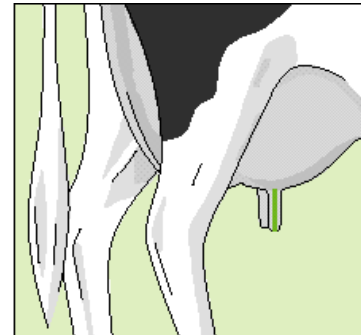
Teat Length



1
short

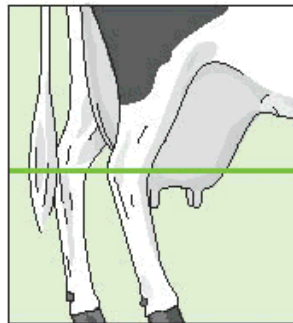
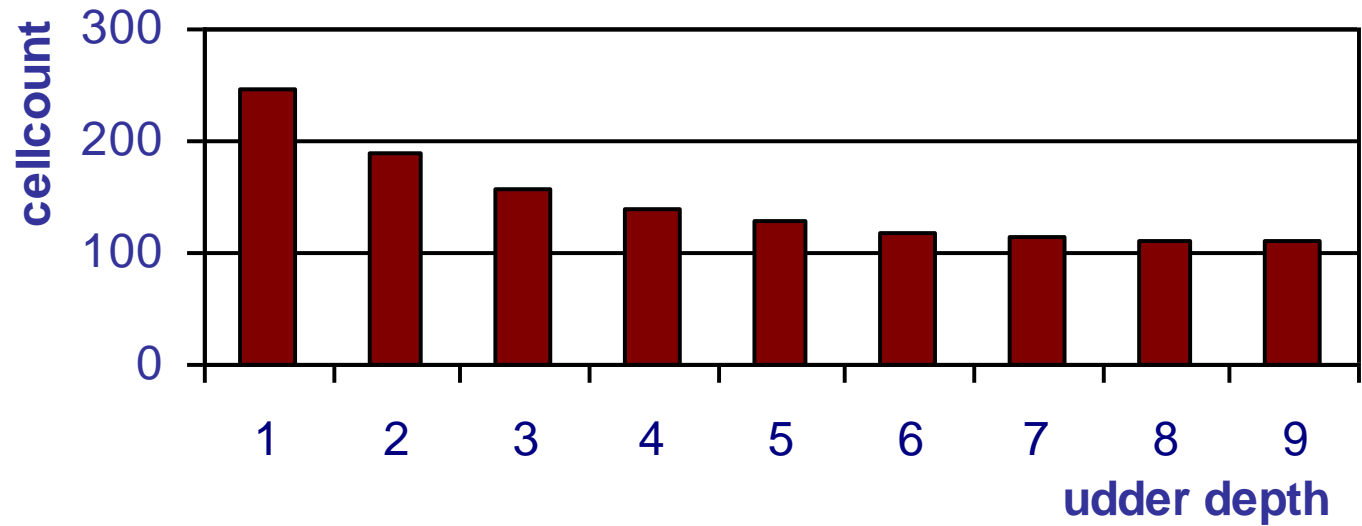


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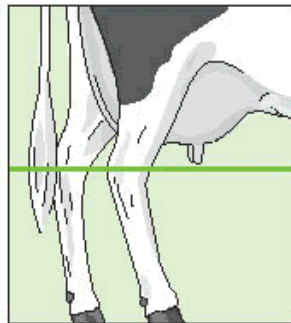


9
long

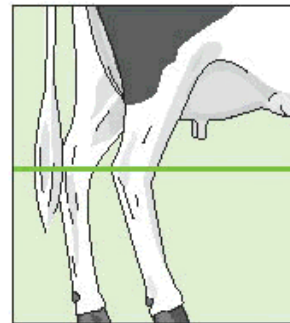
Udder Depth



1
deep

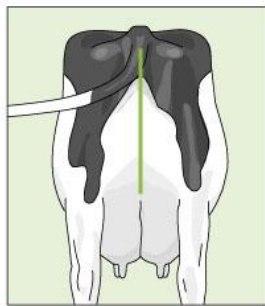
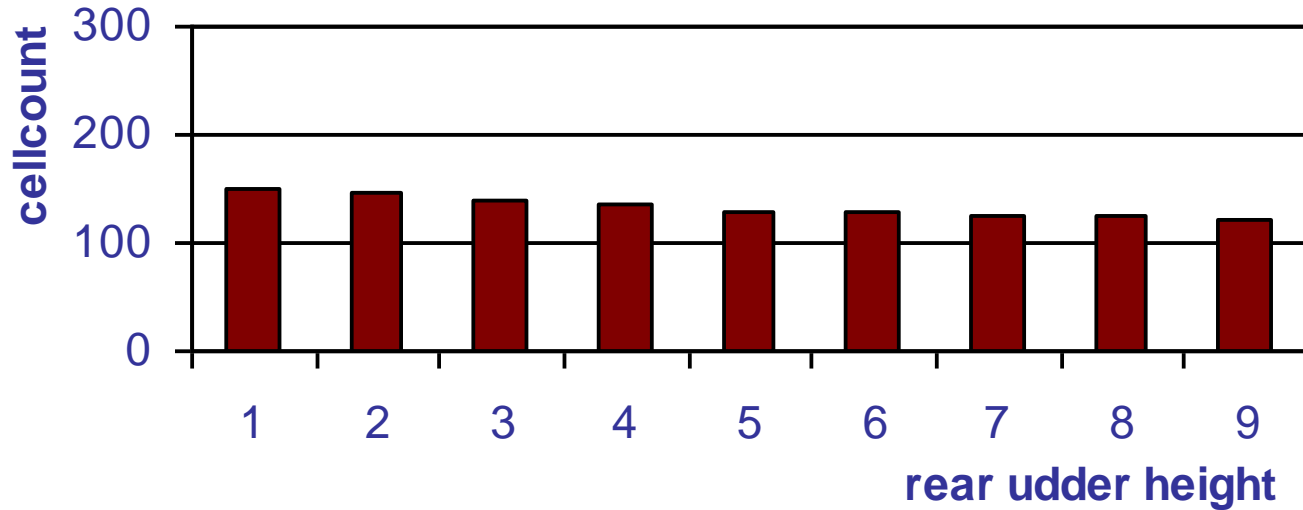


5

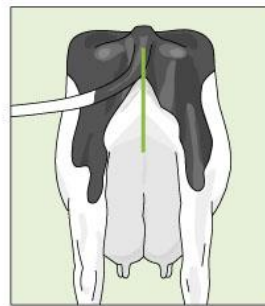


9
shallow

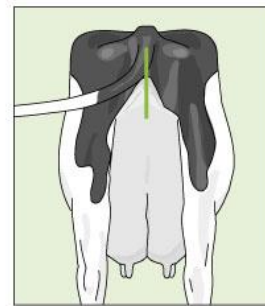
Rear Udder Height



1
low

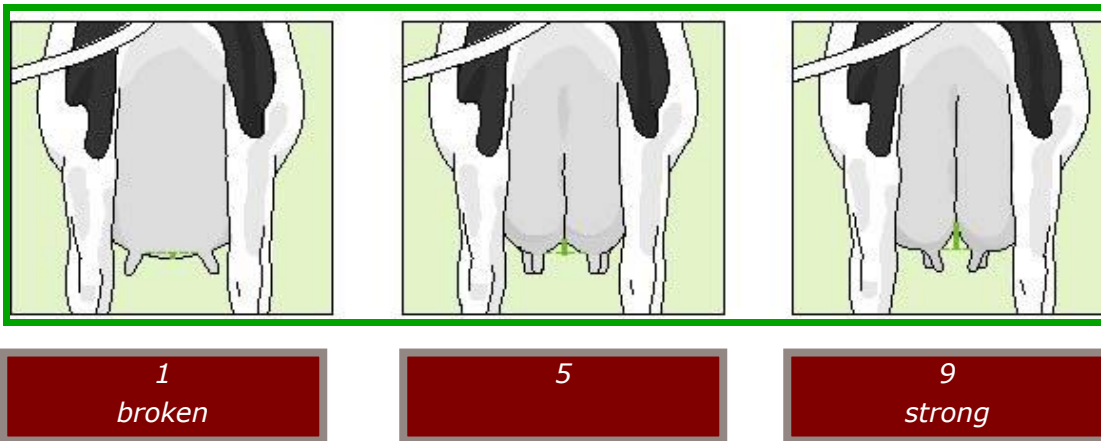
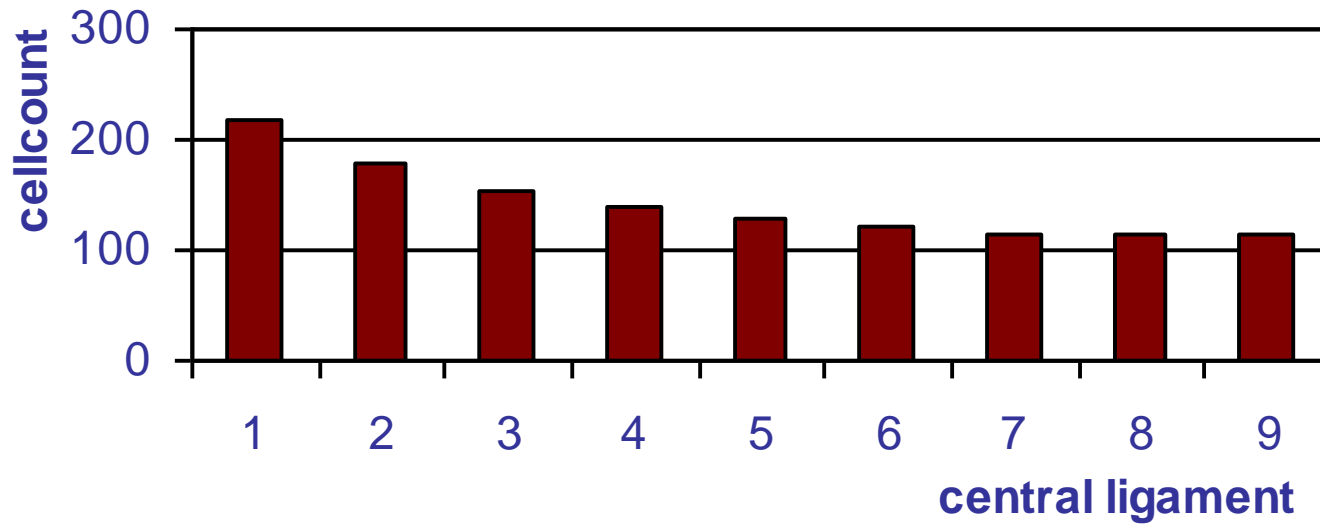


5

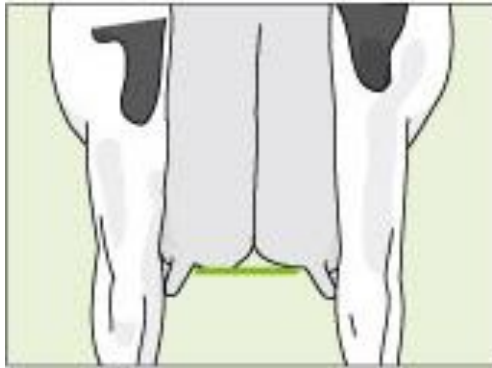
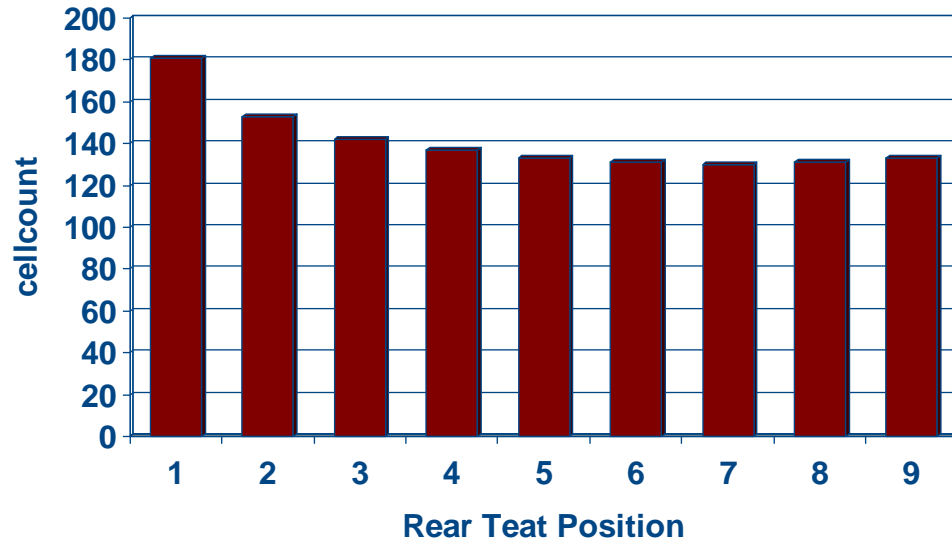


9
high

Central Ligament



Rear Teat Position



1
outside



5



9
inside

Genetic correlations

	SCS	Subcl mast	Clin. Mast
fore udder attachment	0,26	0,33	0,31
fore teat placement	0,07	0,08	0,11
teat length	-0,04	-0,09	-0,05
udder depth	0,31	0,40	0,38
rear udder height	0,03	0,03	-0,05
central ligament	0,03	0,03	0,03
rear teat placement	-0,01	-0,01	0,00



Udder conformation and udder
health