



Data exchange with robots and sensors

Animal Data Exchange Initiative

Achievements and prospects

E Rehben¹, JP Allard², F van Diepen³, B van't Land⁴, R Rognant⁵, A Werner⁶

¹ *FGE/IDELE*, ² *FGE/PRO6TEM*, ³ *UNCEFACT/Dutch Ministry of Economic Affairs*, ⁴ *CRV*, ⁵ *FGE/FIEA*, ⁶ *DLQ/LKV Baden Wurtemberg*





Content

- ▶ Main features of the current situation
- ▶ Presentation of the ADE standard
- ▶ Implementation





Standards

- ▶ **1995: ISO standards for data exchange with ‘stationary equipment’ (ADIS / ADED).**
- ▶ **2005: the ISO standard includes network issues (ISO Agrinet)**





Data exchange

Equipment



Equipment



Third party software



Milk recording
data base

Milk recording
data base





Main features

- ▶ Standards are ageing and no more maintained.
- ▶ Standard are little implemented
- ▶ Third party software are complex, often costly and difficult to be changed

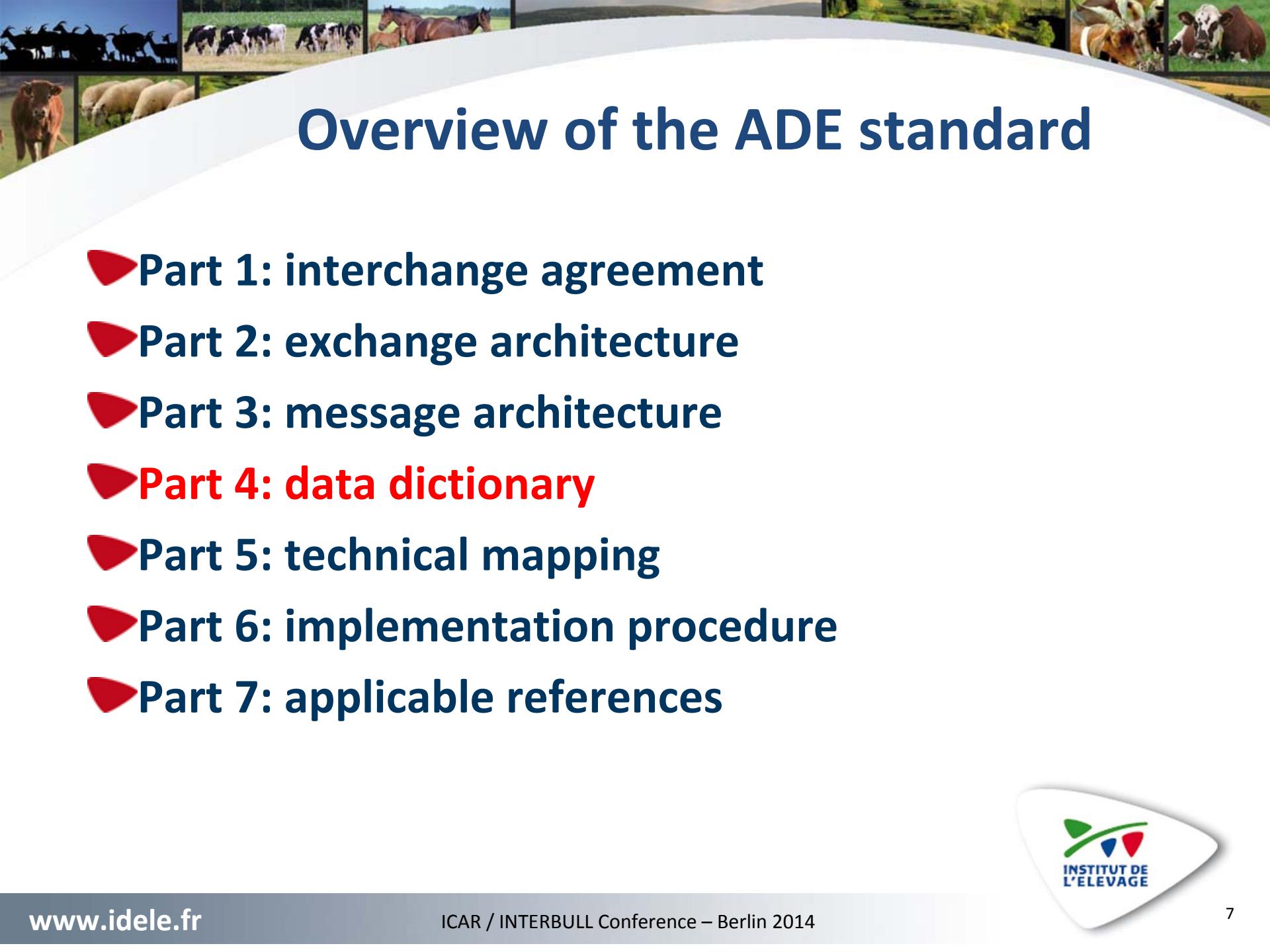




The requirements for a new standard

1. A world standard with local specificities (code list, animal and location identification...)
2. Direct connection of the equipment with recording organization data bases
3. Reduce the delay between capture and transmission
4. Data exchange in both ways:
 - Equipment to recording organizations
 - Recording organizations to equipment
5. Easy to implement and to maintain
6. Low operating cost
7. Keep the standard alive





Overview of the ADE standard

- ▶ **Part 1: interchange agreement**
- ▶ **Part 2: exchange architecture**
- ▶ **Part 3: message architecture**
- ▶ **Part 4: data dictionary**
- ▶ **Part 5: technical mapping**
- ▶ **Part 6: implementation procedure**
- ▶ **Part 7: applicable references**





Part 1: inter change agreement

Before any data exchange

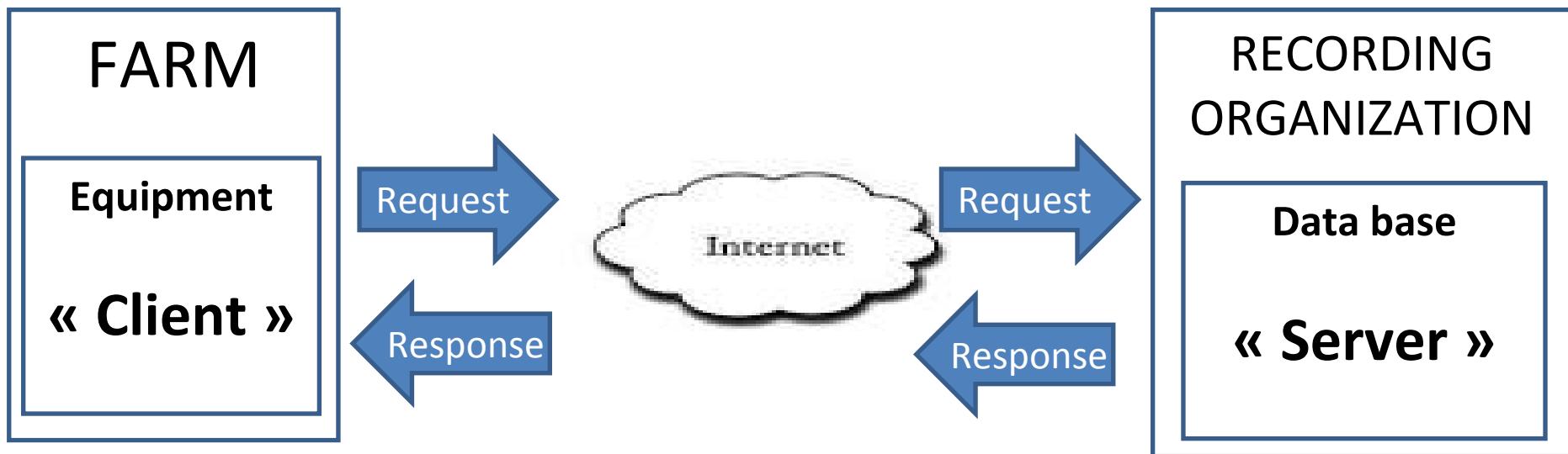
An agreement between the owner of the equipment, the farmer, and the recording organization should specify:

- ▶ Type of identifiers (Animals, location...)
- ▶ Responsibility in case of error
- ▶ Service level (24/24...)
- ▶ Authentication procedure
- ▶ ...





Part 2: general architecture

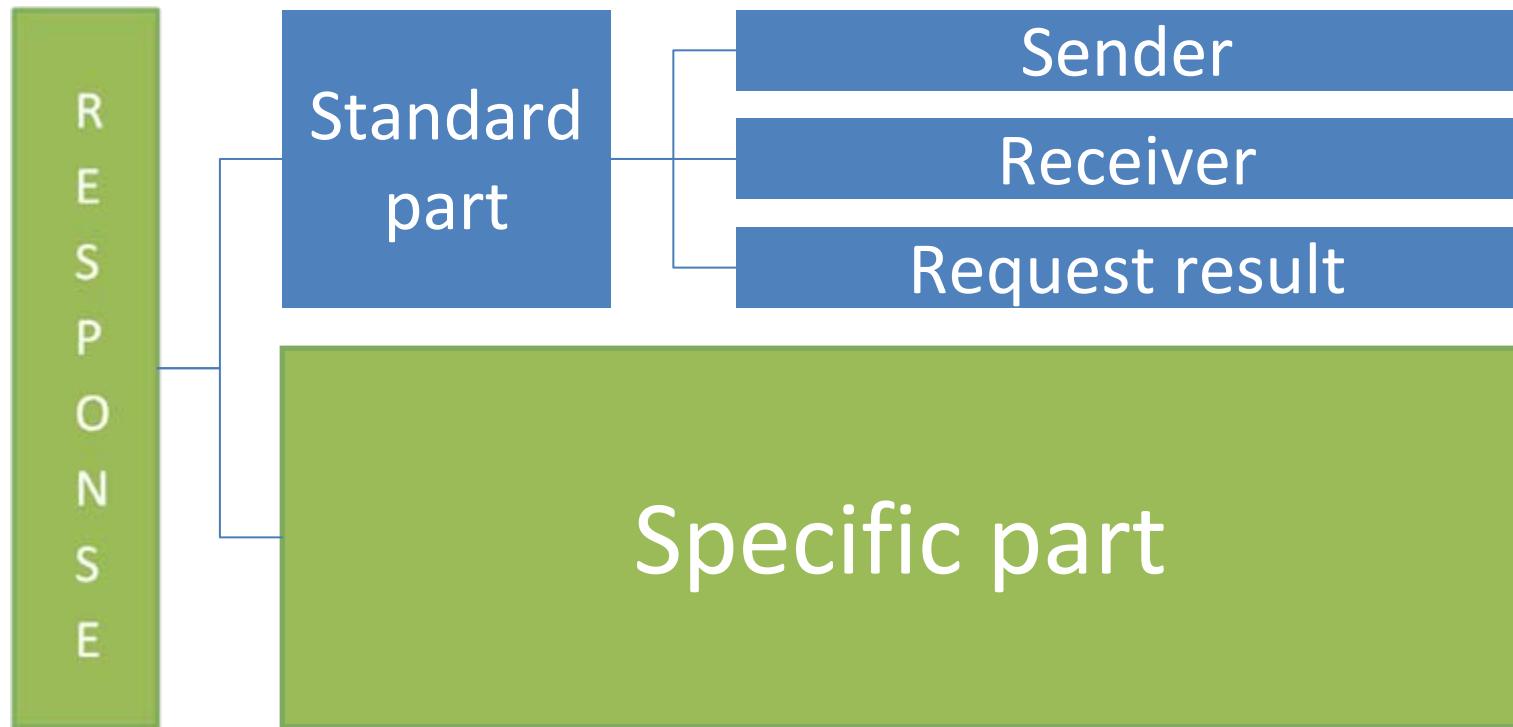


Data base = URL adress (www.xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx)



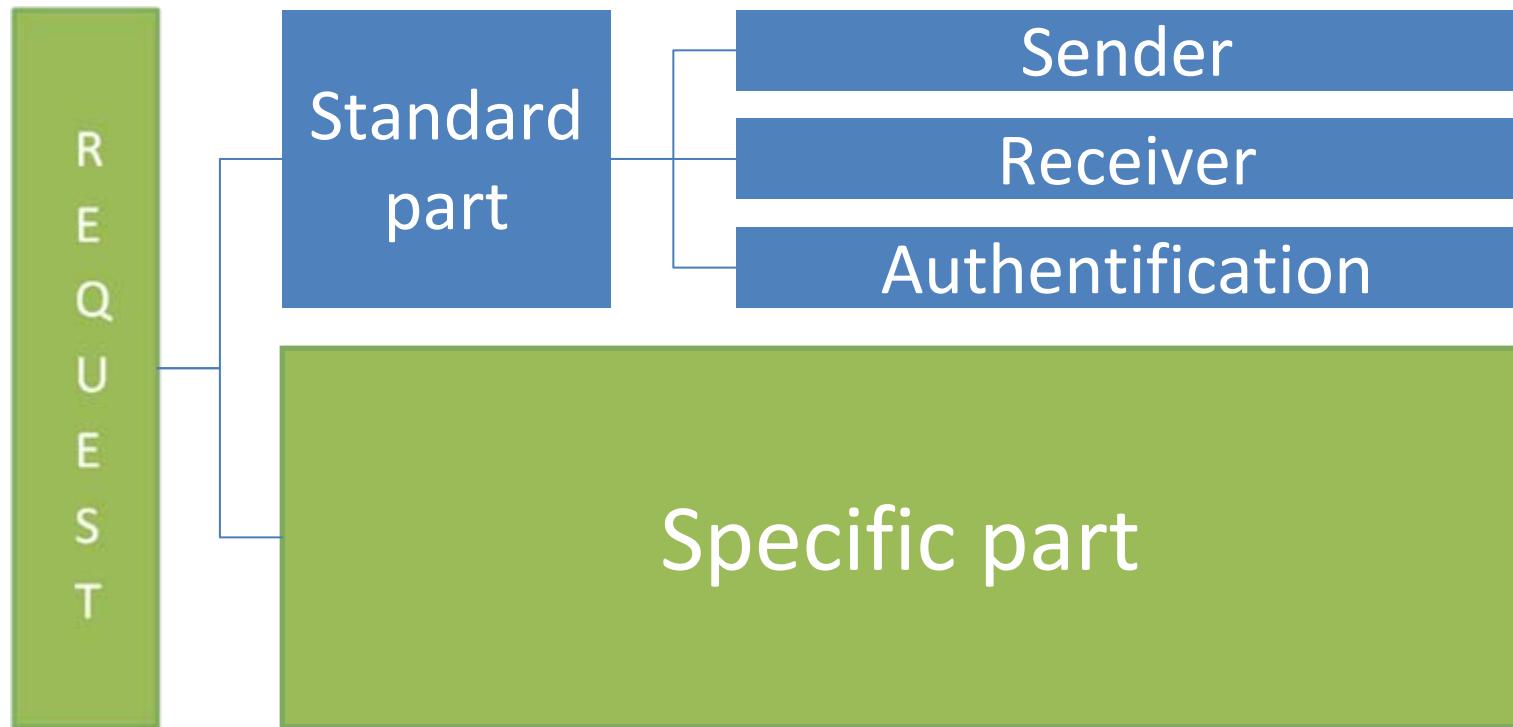


Part 3: message architecture





Part 3: message architecture



Part 4: data dictionary

Business process :	milking
Data definition: items	100
Request and response description:	4 messages
Code list (ICAR, ISO...):	15 code lists





Basic content of data dictionary

NAME
DESCRIPTION
ADED IDENTIFIER
XML TAG
TYPE



Part 5: technical mapping

Web Service Description Language (WSDL)

XML data schema (xsd)

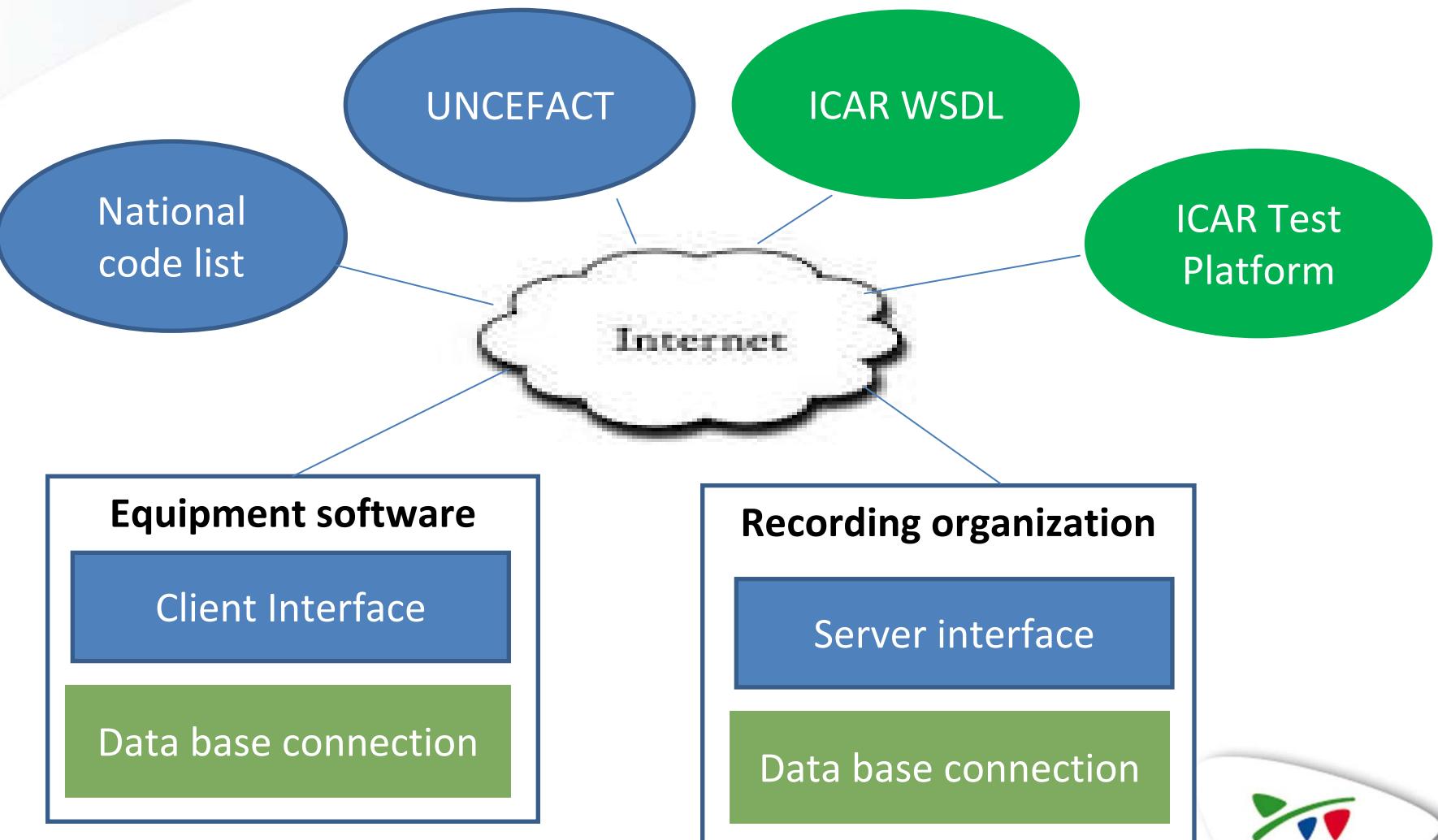
XML response and request schema (xsd)

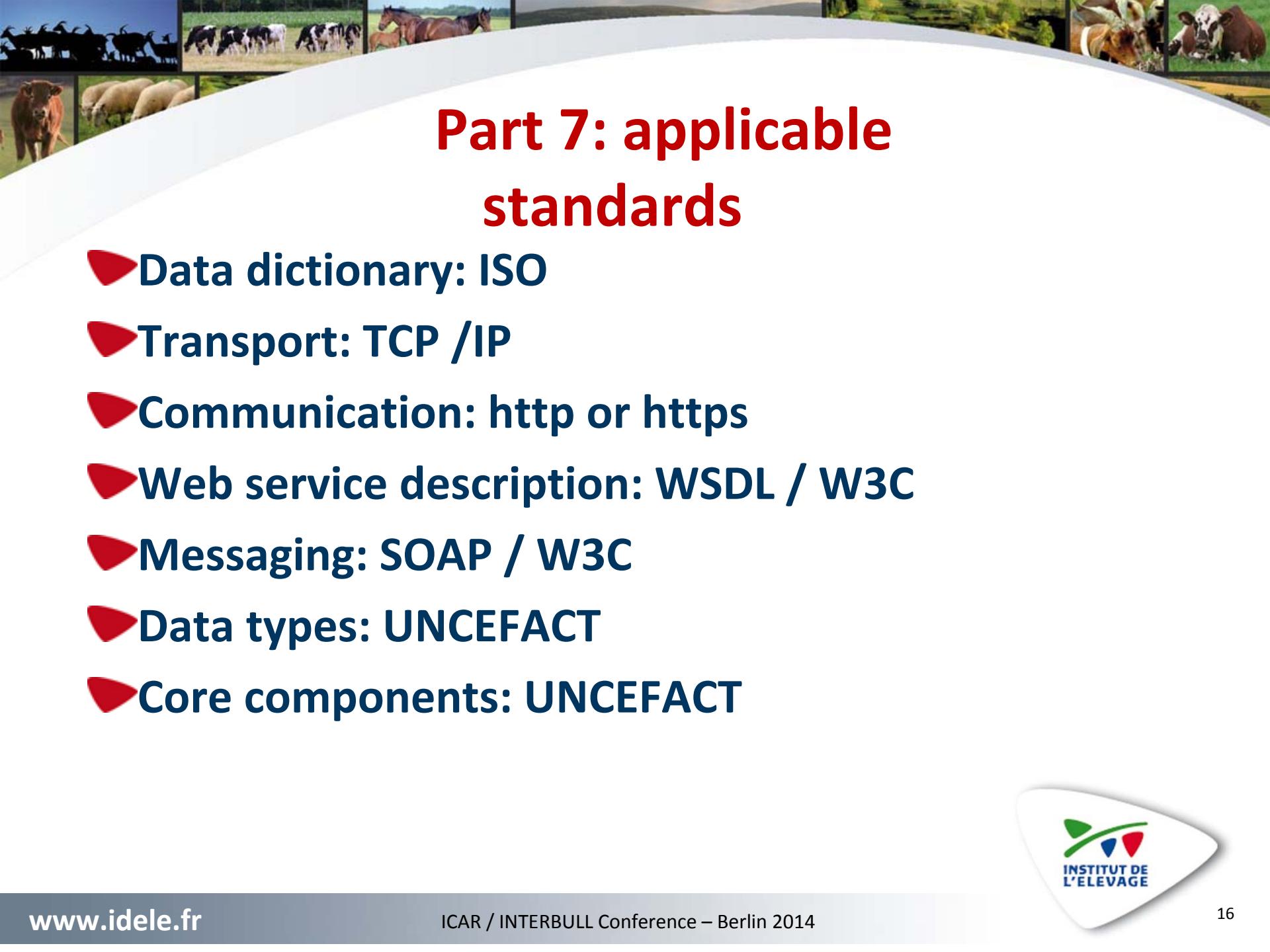
Interface specification: operation / input / output



ISO Schema (ADIS)

Part 6: implementation procedure





Part 7: applicable standards

- ▶ **Data dictionary:** ISO
- ▶ **Transport:** TCP /IP
- ▶ **Communication:** http or https
- ▶ **Web service description:** WSDL / W3C
- ▶ **Messaging:** SOAP / W3C
- ▶ **Data types:** UNCEFACT
- ▶ **Core components:** UNCEFACT





Implementation of the ADE standard



May
2014

January
2015

January
2016



Pilot implementation

► **Two data flows:**

- Equipment to recording organizations: **milking result**
- Recording organizations to equipment: **animal data**

► **3 manufacturers: Delaval, Fullwood, Lely**

► **3 recording organizations, CRV
(Netherlands), LKV Bayern (Germany), FGE /
FCEL (France)**

► **About 100 farmers**





The operational phase v 1.1

- ▶ **The standard may be used by any manufacturer and any recording organization**
- ▶ **3 data flows:**
 - ▶ Equipment to recording organizations: **milking result**
 - ▶ Recording organizations to equipment: **animal data**
 - ▶ Recording organizations to equipment: **milk analysis**
- ▶ **An organization to keep alive the standard**
- ▶ **The funding of the organization to keep alive the standard is sustainable**





Thank you for your attention