

ICAR activities for Animal ID standardization

Key Principles of Creation of National Systems of Identification and Traceability of Farm Livestock

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What is ICAR?

► ICAR (International Committee for Animal Recording) is the World-Wide Organization for the Standardization of Animal Identification, Recording and Genetic Evaluation.





Field ICAR is working

Activities:

- Identification
- Performanc recording (quantity and quality)
- Genetic Evaluation (Interbull)

Species:

- Dairy cattle
- Beef cattle
- Sheep
- Goats
- **Buffalo**
- Alpaca



Who are ICAR members

- Assotiations and cooperatives.
- Government institutions serving farmers.
- **▶** Institutes.
- Breeders' Assosiations.
- Manufacturers.
- How to apply:
- http://www.icar.org/pages/how_to_apply.htm
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ICAR today

- √ 57 countries
- ✓ 106 members: 75 full members and 31 assotiated members
- ✓ 4 ICAR Sub-Committees
- ✓ 12 Working groups
- ✓ More than 100 technicians work voluntarily for ICAR
- ✓ ICAR office located in Rome, 7 persons working in office.







Different levels of regulations on ID

- International (minimum requirements)
 - ICAR Guidelines
 - ISO standards if relevant
- Local (specific)
 - Regional (EU member)
 - Local (country specific)



International organizations

- ICAR (International Committee for Animal Identification)
- ► ISO (International Organization for Standardization)
- FAO (Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations)
- OIE (World Organisation for Animal Health)
- **...**



ISO

- International Organization for Standardization.
- More than 150 members.
- More than 19 500 international standards.
- Standards for electronic animal identification.





ISO standards ...

- ► For electronic identification ISO:
 - 11784: code structure
 - 11785: technical concept
 - 24631: testing of animal identification devices
 - 15639: injections sites
 - 14223: advanced transponders
- Standards are not free!



ICAR

- Developing international guidelines for livestock industry (incl. animal identification).
- Registration authority of ISO for electronic identification devices.
- Certifies animal identification devices.





The aim of ICAR

- Provide tests and certify ID-devices to benefit users (farmers, service providers and authorities).
- ► To standardize requirements internationally.
- Save costs for developing local standards.
- Save costs for testing products (authority/manufacturers).



ICAR Guidelines

- Principles of animal identification.
- Testing of convetional tags.
- ► Testing of RFID devices (dublication of 24631).
- ► Tag composition and environmental testing of RFID devices (2015).
- ► ICAR Guidelines are free: <u>www.icar.org</u>



ICAR basic rules

- Animal ID official if possible and unique.
- Must not be reused.
- Visible.
- Device should be attached to the animal.
- In case of ID loss re-identification with original number or cross reference.
- In case of export/import if possible keep the origin identity or link.



Test laboratories

- ► ICAR has cooperation with 4 test centres:
- Conventional tags by ICAR Guidelines:
- RYK (Denmark) preliminary assesment
- CETIM (France) laboratory test
- ▶ DLG (Germany) laboratory test
- ► RFID tags by ISO 24631-1 and ISO24631-3:
- DLG (Germany)
- IMA-Wageningen (Netherland)

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Preliminary test of conventional tags

 Quick and cheap test to understand if proc mi king, ta



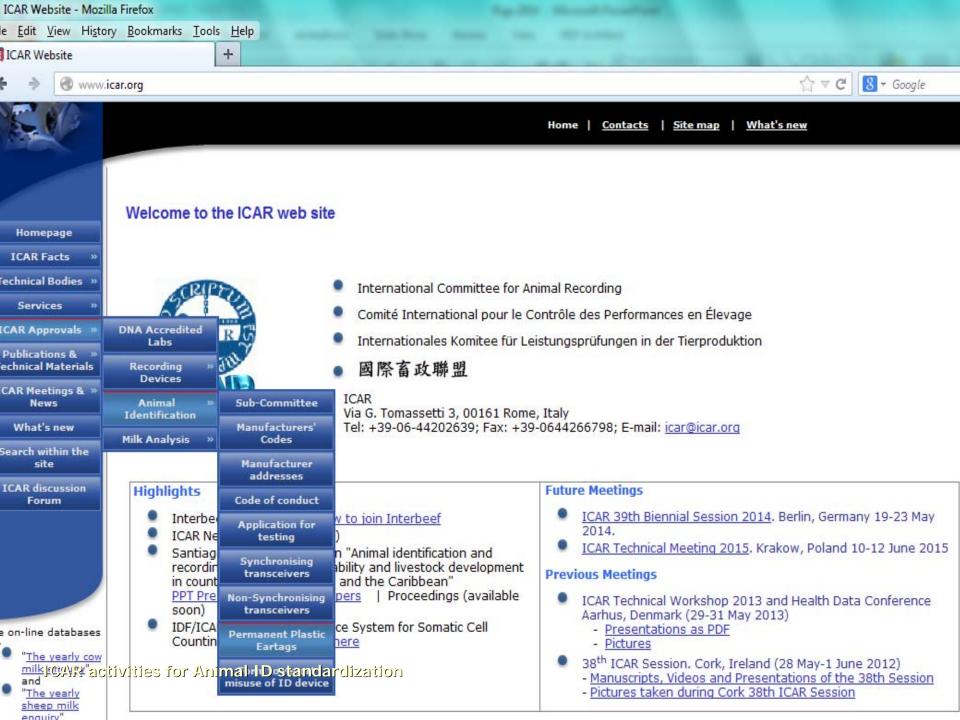






Laboratory test of conventional tags

- More specific, time-consuming and more expensive test to certify the product.
- Tests:
- Chemical analyses of plastic composition
- Artificial ageing (simulation of 7-10 years outdoor use in continental climate).
- Breaking force (tensile test at -25° C, +21° C and +55° C).
- Visual and machine readability.





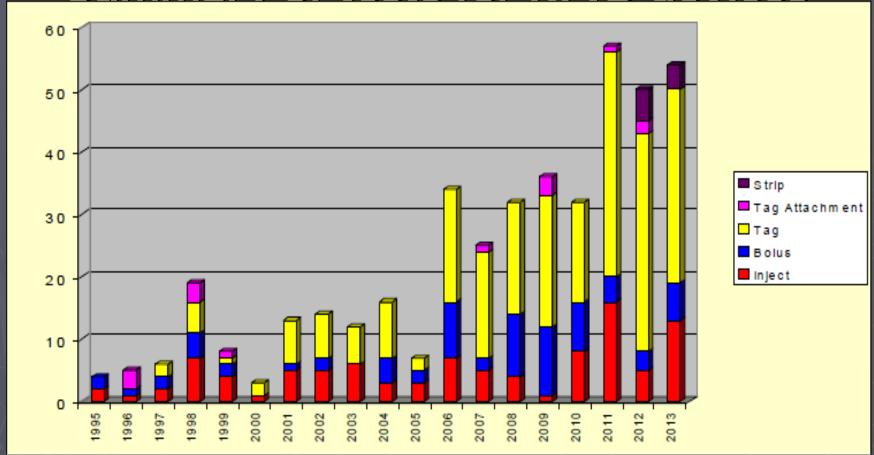
Test of RFID devices

- Only LF (low frequences) devices and only electronics is tested today:
- Conformance test by ISO 24631-1.
 - Readability, code structure is correct
- Performance test by ISO 24631-3.
 - Transponder minimum activating field strength (energy needed).
 - Transponder modulation amplitude (strength of the transponder signal).
- FDX bit length stability, HDX frequency stability.

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Summary of tests for RFID devices







Future (2015)

- Device composition and environmental performance tests for RFID tags:
 - To test if the tag is suitable for animal identification (similar to the test of conventional tags).
 - To test if electronic part of the tag is suitable for specific applications in different environmental conditions.

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