

Barcode: towards an ICAR recommendation

36th ICAR Session June, 16-20th 2008, Niagara Falls



- Introduction
- Goals
- The proposed solution
- Outlook

Introduction

EU Guideline 88/407 ANNEX A CHAPTER II, 1, vii

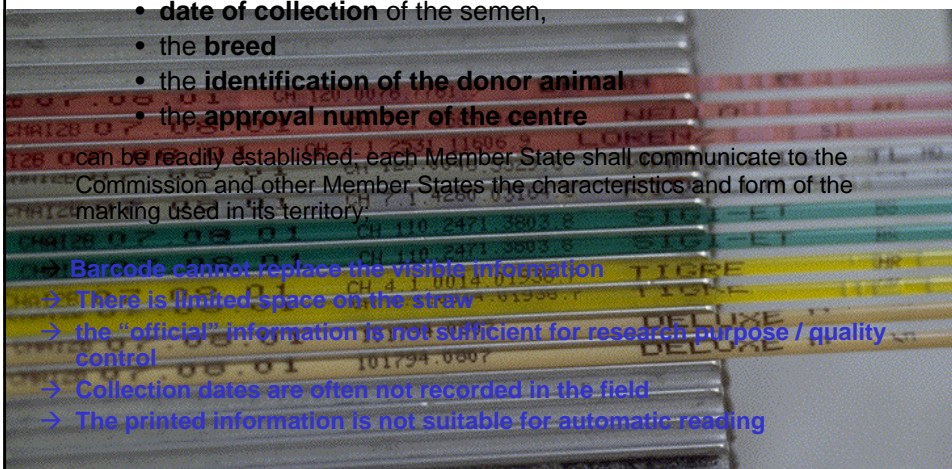
Each individual dose of semen is clearly marked in such a way that the

- **date of collection** of the semen,
- the **breed**
- the **identification of the donor animal**
- the **approval number of the centre**

can be readily established; each Member State shall communicate to the Commission and other Member States the characteristics and form of the marking used in its territory;

Barcode cannot replace the visible information

- There is limited space on the straw
- the "official" information is not sufficient for research purpose / quality control
- Collection dates are often not recorded in the field
- The printed information is not suitable for automatic reading



Identifying semen straws with barcode

- saves time in the field by automatic reading
 - reduces mistakes, with regard to the further use of the data (e.g. breeding purposes)
 - Improves traceability by reliable batch identification (sanitary aspects, quality control, research)
 - Fastens business processes (invoices, etc)
- most advantages arise for companies offering insemination services with employed technicians

- No proprietary system (readable with any commercial barcode reader)
- fast and reliable reading → minimize the length of the code
- Compatible with currently used technology (e.g. straw colours, printer)
- Suitable for internationally traded semen → word wide unique batch identification
- Flexible to match local needs

Solution: proposed system

- **Code 128C: commercial readers are available, provides all ASCII characters, control number included**
- **As short as possible (especially for field use)**
- **Use only straws tested for barcode reading (esp. green colours)**
- **Worldwide unique identification semen batches by**
 - unique identification of the semen collection centres (SCC) (ICAR in collaboration with NAAB)
 - unique batch identification within SCC (either by bull / collection date / ejac. nr or serial batch number)
- **Publish the coded information by company on an Internet website (Done by ICAR)**

- creates the possibility of individual, flexible solutions
- batch numbers require cross references



QualiVet-Group

Barcode solutions

- **The solution proposed by the European AI Vets 10 digits**

196 08 xxxxx
 NAAB–stud code / year / batch no. within stud (AIC)

- **The Select Sires system 17 digits**

NNN bb yyyyy dddddd z
 stud code / breed / bull / freeze code / misc

- **The French System 13 digits**

NNN 12345 dddd x
stud code / bull / date (no. of days since 1/1/02) / ejaculate no. on that day

Reading of Barcodes

Example 1: 1960890017

- The first 3 digits stand for the stud: 196
- Go to the ICAR web-site and look for the interpretation of the rest
- Cross reference with shipping papers
- If reasonable, adapt your business software for automatic interpretation

Example 2: 007HO37080711237

- The first 3 digits stand for the stud: 007
- Go to the ICAR web-site and look for the interpretation of the rest
- Data can be used without cross reference

→ICAR Recommendation:

- Draft available
- Comments are welcome: laurent.journaux@unceia.fr
- Submission to ICAR Board in 2009



Thank you for your attention

ICAR Working Group of AI and other relevant technologies:
Laurent Journaux, Alain Malafosse, Gordon Doak,
Gerben de Jong, Ulrich Janowitz, Jan-Ake Eriksson, Ulrich Witschi