

# ICAR test of conventional plastic ear tags

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## History



- ICAR involved in developing the original ISO 11784 and ISO 11785 standards
- ICAR has been testing RFID devices for more than ten years
- Test protocol for conventional plastic eartags developed from late 1990's
- First test round invited in 2006

## Conventional plastic eartags



- Ear tag testing procedure consists of the following parts:
  - Preliminary basic checks of tags and pliers
  - Laboratory test
  - Preliminary/Extended field test
  - Provisional/Final Approval

## Plastic ear tags with RFID



- Current ICAR test protocols test RFID devices only in laboratory conditions
- Current ICAR test protocols test only electronic conformance and performance
- New ICAR test on RFID ear tags based on test on conventional plastic ear tags
- Test of transponder performance on tags after three and 12 months

## Required performance



- Locking mechanism
  - Application ease
  - Break force at relevant temperature
  - Tamperproof
- Endurance (chemical, physical)
- Reading distance, optical
- New tag – aged tag
- Retention rate

## Preliminary assessments



- Application, without and with ears
- Axial pull at 150 N
  - Ambient temperature
  - 80 °C (175 °F)
- Transverse pull
  - Ambient temperature
  - 80 °C (175 °F)

Pre Test, Axial Pull



Pre Test, Transverse pull



## Criteria preliminary test



- No tags of 60 failed locking without ears
- No tags of 40 failed locking with ears
- No tags of 20 broken and still reuseable at 150 N axial pull at ambient temperature
- No tags of 20 broken and still reuseable at 150 N axial pull at 80 °C
- No tags of 20 broken and still reuseable at transverse pull at 80 °C

## Laboratory test



- Type of plastic
- Plastifying agent
- Organic, carbon and mineral content
- Toxic elements
- Performance assessments



## Laboratory test

- Heat and humidity
  - (23°C, 50 % humidity)
- Acid bath
  - 3 weeks in 50°C acid liquid (pH = 3)
- Alkaline bath
  - 3 weeks in 50°C alkaline liquid (pH = 12)



## Accelerated ageing

The accelerated ageing process consists of 180 simulated climatic cycles (about 1000 hours) each being comprised as follows:

CLIMATIC CYCLE *	TEMP-ERATURE	HUMIDITY AND LIGHT	DURATION OF THE PHASE
Phase 1 – rain effects	20°C	simulated rain - no light	30 min
Phase 2 – cold effects	-20°C	cold - no light	60 min
Phase 3 – heat and humidity effects	55°C	humidity of air = 95 %	60 min
Phase 4 – dry heat and light effects	55°C	Irradiance : 0.55 W/m <sup>2</sup> at wavelength 340nm Total light power emitted P = 623 W/m <sup>2</sup> Spectrum : 300 – 800 nm Arc xenon UV light Inner and outer filters in borosilicate the radiant heat is produced by a black board of anodised aluminium with temperature of 55°C	80 min

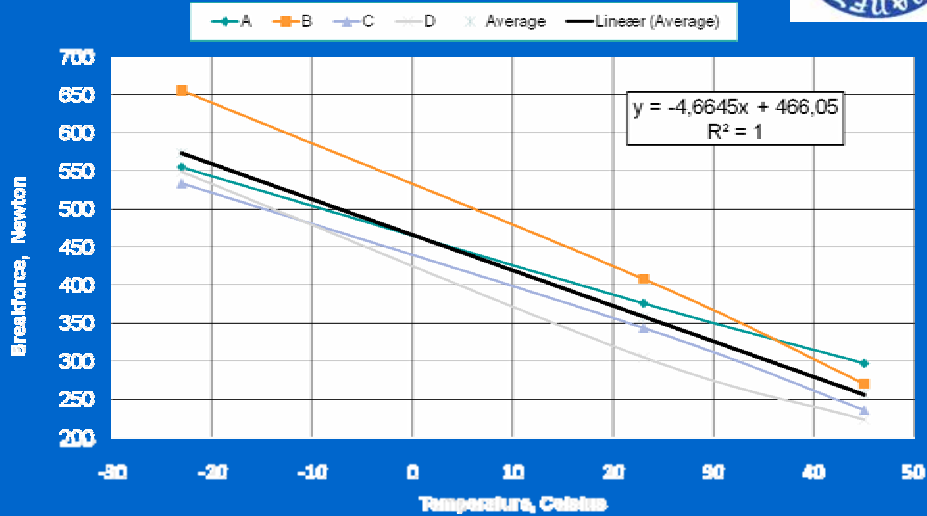
\* The rate of temperature change between each phase is 2° C/min.



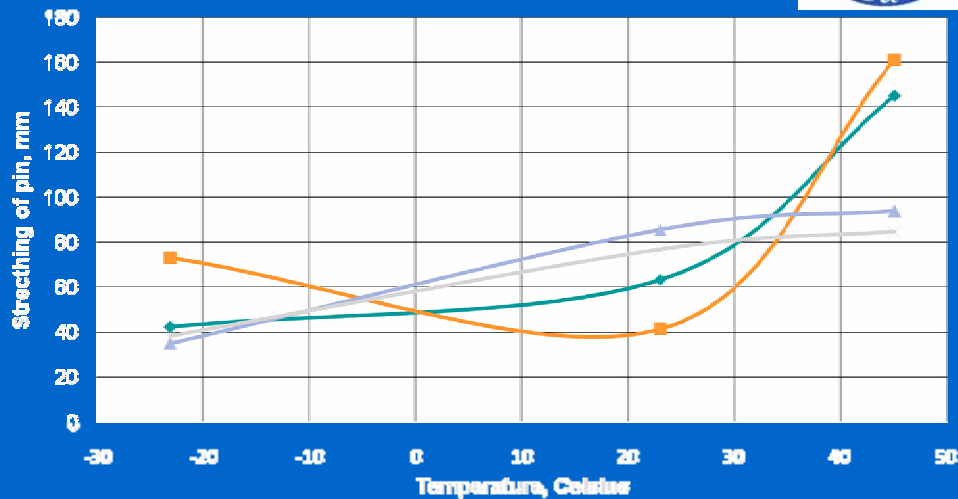
Tested characteristic	Unused Tag					Aged Tag*		
	Un-treated	Heat & Humidity 23°C	acid bath	alkaline bath	abrasive treatment	Un-treated	Heat & Humidity 23° C	abrasive treatment
Resistance of the locking system		✓					✓	
Visual readability	✓				✓	✓		✓
Machine readability	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

\* An aged tag is a tag that has been subjected to the accelerated ageing process.

## Break force



## Stretching of pin before unfastening



## Readability test



- 4 digit test codes
  - printed on tags
  - printed in same size black on white paper
  - placed on wall with appropriate lighting
- Five assessors moving towards wall starting at 15 meter distance
  - stop when they read the code
  - distance measured



## Approval criteria



- Unused tag without treatment
  - Tags must be read at **at least 80 %** of distance to black print on white paper
- Tags with abrasive treatment
  - Tags must be read at **at least 65 %** of distance to black print on white paper
  - Even artificially aged tags

## Abrasion and readability



## Field test



- At least two countries
  - Minimum 400 test animals per country
  - Minimum 15 test farms per country
  - Wide range of typical practical conditions
- Local ICAR approved organisation
- Reference ear tag used to indicate abnormal tag performance

## Retention rates



- After three months
  - At least 99 % retention
  - No more than 3 % necrosis
- After twelve months
  - At least 98 % retention
  - No more than 3 % necrosis

## After approval



- ICAR reserves the right to withdraw its approval of an eartag if
  - its long-term field performance is unsatisfactory
  - the manufacturer significantly alters the design, composition or printing of the eartag.
- In addition, ICAR has the right to periodically conduct an unannounced test

## Follow up on performance



- Performance followed intensively during 12 months of test
- Feed back from
  - Manufacturers
  - ICAR member organisations
  - Competent authoritiesabout problems in long term performance

Thank you  
for your attention



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