

**CLOSING THE UTILISATION GAP: CONVERTING ROUTINE MILK ANALYSIS
DATA INTO DECISION SUPPORT FOR MORE SUSTAINABLE DAIRY
FARMING**

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VERONA ITALY

THE PRESSURE TO ACT IS NO LONGER OPTIONAL

- Livestock = 14% of global GHG emissions; dairy alone ~4.2%
- Public, political and regulatory pressure on livestock emissions is intensifying
- Productivity, health and precision nutrition remain the most effective mitigation strategies (FAO, 2019)

Opportunity: Acting now with tools already available is far more effective than acting later under legislation

Source: Greenpeace International, FAO Global Conference on Sustainable Livestock Transformation, Rome, Sept 2025

THE OPPORTUNITY BASED ON REAL-LIFE DATA

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  ~ 200,000



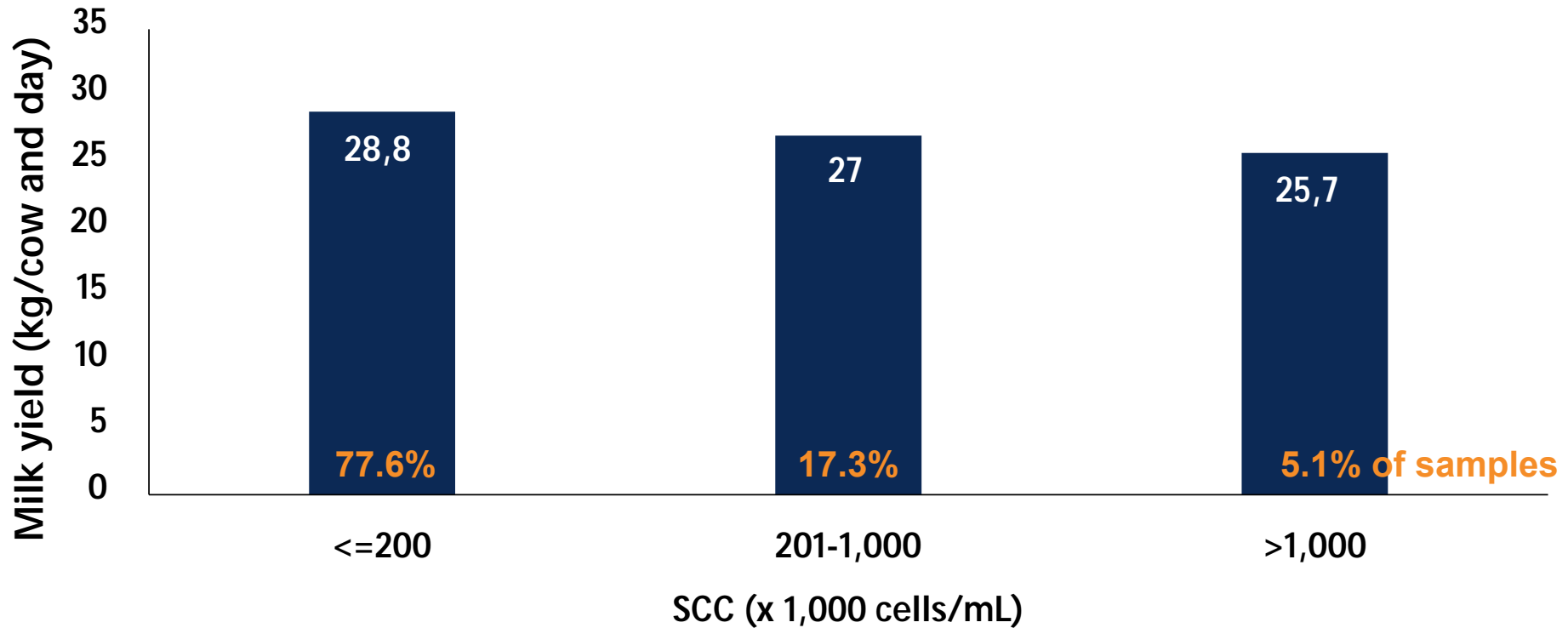
  ~ 400,000



Linear mixed models as described in detail elsewhere (<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.prevetmed.2020.105123>)

UDDER HEALTH – SOMATIC CELL COUNT (SCC)

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ANALYTICS BEYOND MEASURE

Daily impact per 100,000 cows

~47 t (1.6%)
milk loss

~1.5 t
milk protein loss

~20,000
adults' daily protein intake*

~2%
of CO₂e/kg milk

* Based on ~75 g protein/day, typical European adult intake (EFSA)

SHARPER PICTURE WITH DIFFERENTIAL SCC

Milk yield (kg/cow and day)

35

Group	Status	Definition	SCC (cell/mL)	DSCC (%)
A	Healthy/normal	No indication for IMI based on SCC and DSCC	≤ 200,000	≤ 65%
B	Suspicious/onset of mastitis	Elevated proportions of DSCC (i.e. PMN) as indication for IMI, although SCC is still low	≤ 200,000	> 65%
C	Mastitis	Indication for IMI, based on SCC and DSCC	> 200,000	> 65%
D	Chronic/persistent mastitis	A constellation of the immune response often seen in connection with chronic IMI	> 200,000	≤ 65%

A
B
C
D

Udder Health Group

ANALYTICS BEYOND MEASURE

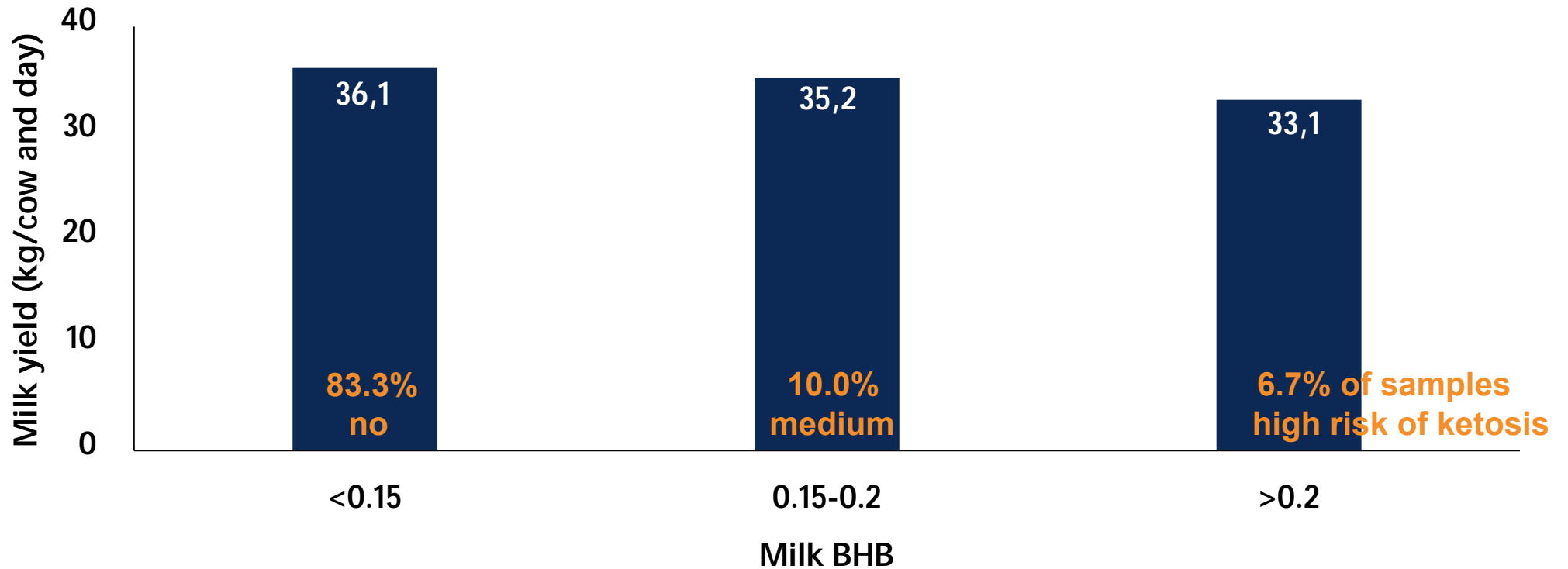
Daily impact per 100,000 cows

<p>~61 t (2.1%) milk loss</p>	<p>~2 t milk protein loss</p>	<p>~26,000 adults' daily protein intake*</p>	<p>~2.5% of CO₂e/kg milk</p>
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* Based on ~75 g protein/day, typical European adult intake (EFSA)

METABOLIC HEALTH: MILK BHB

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ANALYTICS BEYOND MEASURE

Daily impact per 100,000 cows

~2.4 t (0.08%)
milk loss

~80 kg
milk protein loss

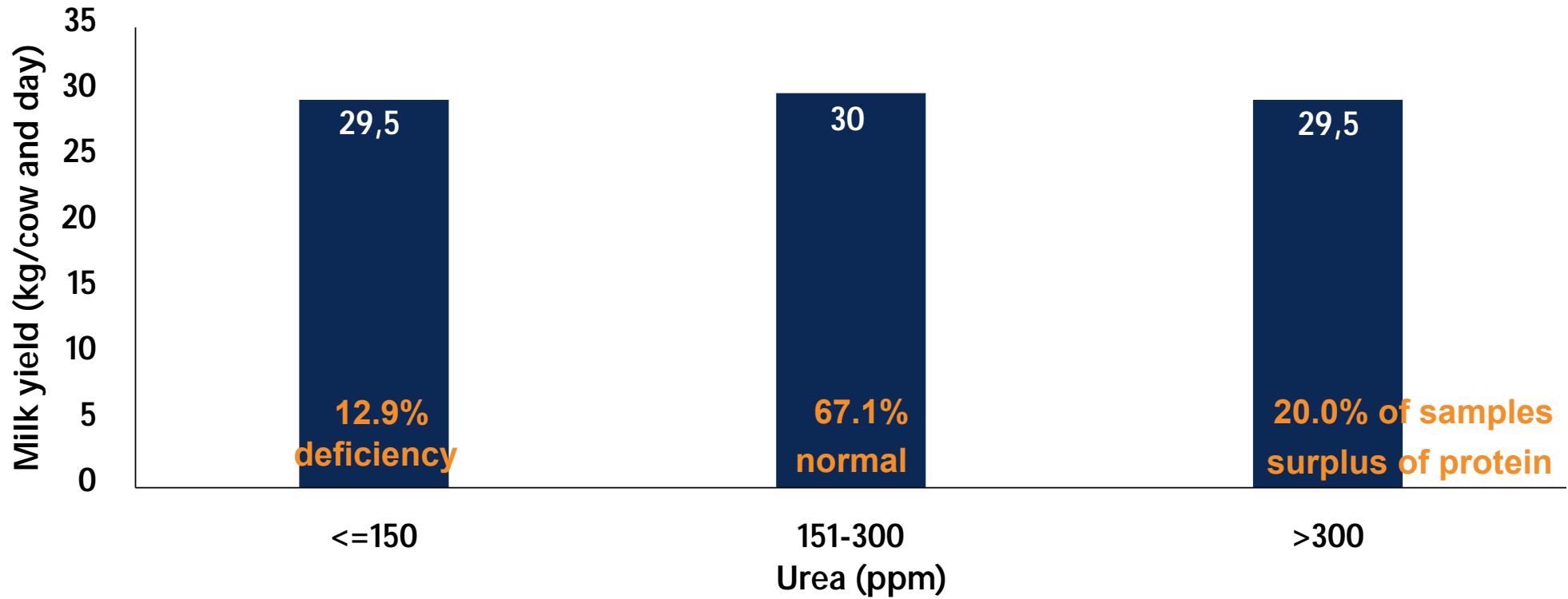
~1,100
adults' daily protein intake*

~0.1%
of CO₂e/kg milk

* Based on ~75 g protein/day, typical European adult intake (EFSA)

FEEDING EFFICIENCY: MILK UREA

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ANALYTICS BEYOND MEASURE

Daily impact per 100,000 cows

~12.5 t (0.4%)
milk loss

~410 kg
milk protein loss

~5,500
adults' daily protein intake*

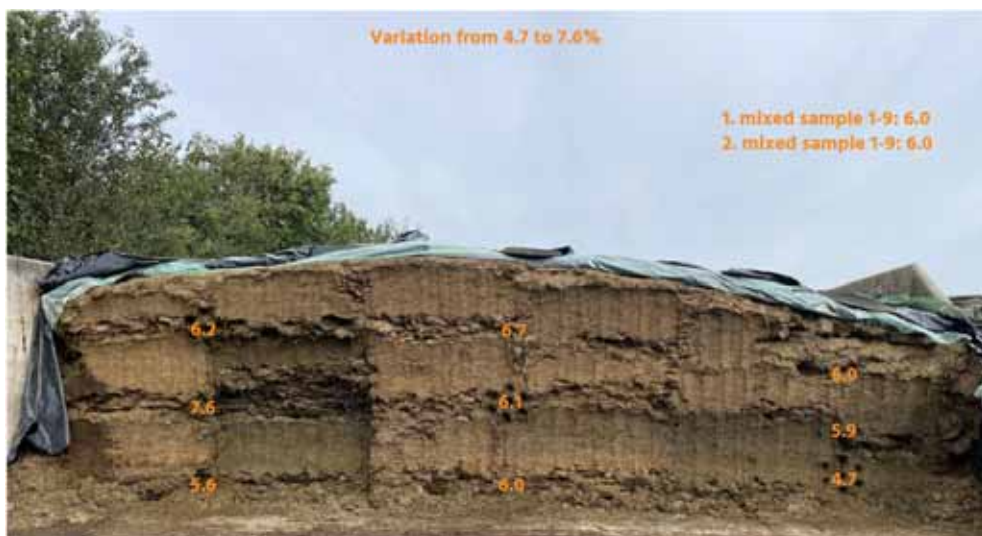
~0.4%
of CO₂e/kg milk

* Based on ~75 g protein/day, typical European adult intake (EFSA)

PRECISION FEEDING – EXAMPLE ON CRUDE PROTEIN

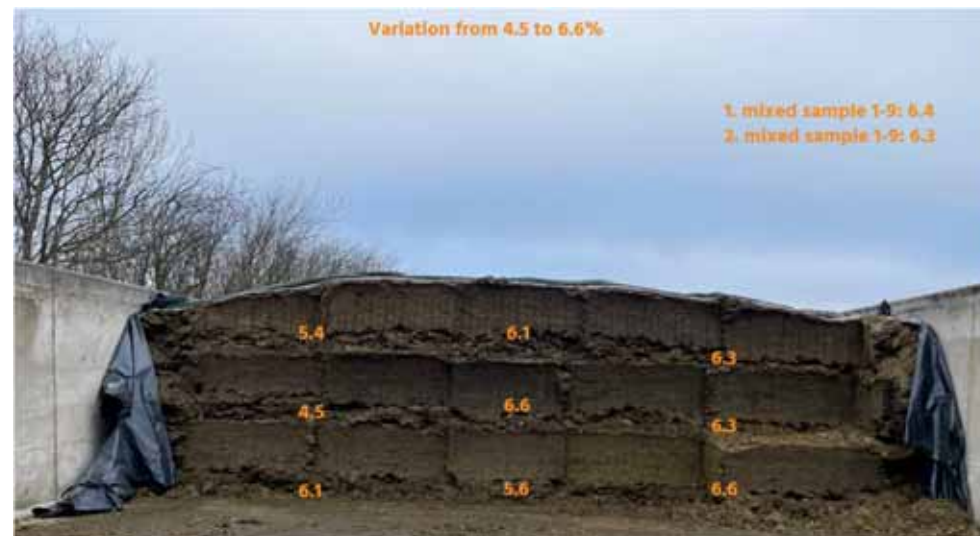
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September



XP: 6.0%

November



XP: 6.3%

+120 g XP extra/cow/day from grass silage
→ ~300 g less rapeseed meal/cow/day

Daily impact per 100,000 cows

~30 t
rapeseed meal saved

~10 t
crude protein saved

~130,000
adults' daily protein intake*

~1%
of CO₂e/kg milk

* Based on ~75 g protein/day, typical European adult intake (EFSA)

TAKE HOME MESSAGES

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- Innovation must continue to drive milk's carbon footprint down
- DHI testing can deliver more – if used more effectively
- DHI testing: A fast, low-cost, scalable lever available today



ANALYTICS BEYOND MEASURE

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